

THE PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE TENSE (Predsedanjik)

OBLIKA:

osebek + pomožni glagol HAVE/HAS + pretekli deležnik glavnega glagola
(3. oblika pri nepravilnih glagolih /
končnica -d/-ed/-ied pri pravilnih glagolih)

Trdilna oblika:

I have been	=	I've been
You have been	=	You've been
He has been	=	He's been
She has been	=	She's been
It has been	=	It's been
We have been	=	We've been
You have been	=	You've been
They have been	=	They've been

Nikalna oblika:

have not = haven't has not = hasn't

I,you,we,they haven't been
he, she, it **hasn't** been

Vprašalna oblika:

a) Vprašanja z "ali"

Have I/you/we/they been?
Has he/she/it been?

⇒ **kratki odgovor:**

Yes, they have. / No, they haven't.
Yes, she has. / No, she hasn't.

b) Vprašanja z "WH"

Where have you been?
Where **has** he been?

⇒ **vzorec:**

WH- + have/has + osebek + glagol + ...

ČASOVNI IZRAZI:

already (+), yet (-, ?), ever (?), never, since, for, still (-), just = pravkar, so far (= do zdaj)

UPORABA:

- ❖ dejanje, ki se je zgodilo v preteklosti in katerega rezultat ali posledica sega v sedanjost:
He has broken his leg. = Zlomil si je nogo. ⇒ *SLO preteklik*
- ❖ dejanje, ki se je zgodilo v preteklosti (čas nas ne zanima!) in od katerega imamo neko izkušnjo, doživetje:
I've been to Scotland twice. = Na Škotskem sem bil dvakrat. ⇒ *SLO preteklik*
- ❖ bližnja preteklost (kar je še vedno novice za poslušalca):
We have just had a test. = Ravnokar smo pisali test. ⇒ *SLO preteklik*
- ❖ dejanje, ki se je začelo v preteklosti in še vedno traja:
They have lived in the USA for 11 years = V ZDA živijo že 11 let. ⇒ *SLO sedanjik*

PAZI:

Ko uporabljamo Present Perfect Simple nas čas dejanja ne zanima in ni nikoli natančno izražen. Če želimo povedati kdaj točno se je neko dejanje v preteklosti zgodilo, potem uporabimo navadni preteklik (The Past Simple Tense).

Reši naslednje naloge.

Write affirmative (+) or negative (-) present perfect sentences.

- ▶ I (speak +) to the boss I have spoken to the boss.....
▶ they (eat -) anything They have not eaten anything.....
1 she (forget +) my address
2 I (make +) a mistake
3 you (shut -) the door
4 Alan (work +) very hard
5 I (hear -) from Mary
6 John (learn -) anything
7 I (break +) a cup
8 we (remember +) Ann's birthday
9 The rain (stop +)
10 I (see -) a newspaper today

Oblikuj vprašanja.

- a. she / see / her sister? _____
b. they / phone / the doctor? _____
c. you / take / any photographs? _____
d. he / empty / the rubbish bin? _____
e. we / watch / any television today? _____

Vstavi pomožni glagol *have / has*.

1. Jessica _____ painted since she was 3.
2. They _____ done tricks for many years.
3. He _____ won several competitions this year.
4. I _____ already cleaned the hall.
5. We _____ not practiced the dances and songs yet.
6. _____ you sent the invitations yet?
7. Tom and Ron _____ just decorated the hall.

Dopiši 3. obliko nepravilnega glagola.

- | | | |
|----------|-----------|----------|
| 1. bring | 5. speak | 9. buy |
| 2. steal | 6. swim | 10. be |
| 3. do | 7. write | 11. have |
| 4. run | 8. freeze | 12. find |

Glagole iz oklepajev postavi v Present Perfect Simple.

1. Lee _____ (teach) the guitar for a year.
2. Ann _____ (buy) food for Mrs. Elson.
3. The children _____ (help) elderly and lonely people a lot.
4. Helen _____ (cook) breakfast today.
5. He _____ (already pick up) litter near the school.

Označi povedi, ki vsebujejo Present Perfect Simple.

1. Paul has visited his friends.
2. Jane has got a funny cat.
3. My mum has done a lot of work this month.
4. We gathered leaves in the garden in autumn.
5. I always help elderly and lonely people.
6. They have already washed off graffiti from the walls.
7. Jay and Jane are playing the piano.
8. They went for a work yesterday.
9. Our class has collected secondhand books for a month.

Napiši vprašanja z WH-

1. _____? – I have helped children in the local hospital.
2. _____? – They have washed the dishes twice.
3. _____? – I have played the guitar for a year.
4. _____? – We have just done shopping for Mrs. Elson.
5. _____? – We have cleaned up the garden.

Povej drugače in pri tem uporabi besede iz okvirja!

drink - sell - spell - bite - run away - spend - buy - paint

1. There isn't any milk left. Wehave drunkit.
2. Their house is now blue! They
3. They haven't got a car anymore. They
4. His dog is missing! It
5. They now own their house. They
6. Your spelling of this word isn't right. You
7. I have to go and have an injection. A dog
8. I haven't got any money left. I